

## Department of Physics Colloquium

**April 10, 2023** 

3:00 PM

## The Dark Energy of Quantum Materials Prof. Laura H. Greene National MagLab and Florida State University

The many correlated electron problems remain largely unsolved after decades; with one stunning success being BCS electron-phonon conventional superconductivity. The Cooper pairing mediated of dozens of families of mechanisms unconventional the superconductors, including the high-T<sub>c</sub> cuprate, iron-based, and heavy fermion superconductors remain elusive and quite varied. But some of their fundamental characteristics are strikingly similar, including their ubiquitous phase diagram, with intriguing, correlated electron (non-Fermi liquid) phases that break the symmetry of their underlying lattice at temperatures well above T<sub>c</sub>. These correlated phases remain among the greatest unsolved problems in physics; and I will present an analogy stressing that. I will start with an overview of the US National MagLab and finish a glimpse of some of my own recent work possibly identifying a possible new pairing mechanism in a heavyfermion superconductor.